

**Lipopolysaccharide (LPS) processing by Kupffer cells releases a modified LPS with increased hepatocyte binding and decreased tumor necrosis factor-alpha stimulatory capacity.**

Treon SP, Thomas P, Broitman SA.

Department of Microbiology, Boston University School of Medicine, Massachusetts 02118.

Normal physiological clearance of gut-derived endotoxin lipopolysaccharide [LPS] has been described previously; initially, there is uptake by Kupffer cells (KC), then release of modified LPS, followed by hepatocyte uptake. Previous work in our laboratories indicated that LPS is structurally modified with loss of carbohydrate prior to its release by KC. In this study, we functionally characterize KC modified LPS. KC-modified <sup>125</sup>I-LPS was prepared from primary rat KC. *Escherichia coli* 0127:B8 native <sup>125</sup>I-LPS or KC-modified <sup>125</sup>I-LPS (40 ng) was incubated for 1 hr with  $1 \times 10^6$  primary hepatocytes. The binding of KC-modified LPS was 4.33-fold higher than native LPS ( $P = 0.0024$ ). Binding analysis studies were conducted to determine the region of KC-modified LPS responsible for enhanced hepatocyte binding. KC-modified *Salmonella minnesota* LPS was competed with 100-fold excess native or mutant (Ra, Rc, Rd, or Re) strains of LPS or Lipid A with no decrease to hepatocyte binding. *S. minnesota*-native <sup>125</sup>I-LPS was compared with KC-modified <sup>125</sup>I-LPS in a study to assess induction of tumor necrosis factor (TNF)-gamma by rat peritoneal macrophages. Native or KC-modified <sup>125</sup>I-LPS (100 ng) was presented to  $1 \times 10^7$  peritoneal macrophages for 6 hr. TNF-alpha was measured in supernatants using the WEHI-164 cytotoxicity assay. Native LPS induced 5.7-fold higher TNF-alpha levels than KC-modified LPS ( $P < 0.0001$ ). The above data suggest that structural alterations in KC-modified LPS are accompanied by functional alterations resulting in enhanced hepatocyte binding and decreased TNF-alpha release. The latter result implies that an early step in LPS detoxification occurs in the KC in which LPS is modified to prevent elicitation of biologically active cytokines.